



Features

- 10Gb/s serial optical interface compliant to 802.3ae 10GBASE-ZR, single LC connector for bi-directional application, up to 80km SMF
- Electrical interface compliant to
 SFF-8431 specifications for enhanced
 8.5 and 10 Gigabit small form factor
 pluggable module "XFP"
- 1270/1330nm high power DFB transmitter,
 APD receiver, integrated WDM
- 2-wire interface for management specifications compliant with SFF 8472 digital diagnostic monitoring interface for optical transceivers
- Part number(-10°C to 70°C):
- CL-XFP-80-27, 1270TX/1330RX
- Line side, client side loopback function
- Advanced firmware allow customer system encryption information to be stored in transceiver
- ROHS compliant

Applications

- High-speed storage area networks
- Computer cluster cross-connect
- Custom high-speed data pipes
- Line side loop back
- Client side loop back



Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	INPUT/OUTPUT	SIGNAL DETECT	VOLTAGE	TEMPERATURE
CL-XFP-80-27	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V	-10°C to 70 °C
CL-XFP-80-27i	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V	-25°C to 85 °C

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This 10Gigabit XFPBiDi transceiver is designed to transmit and receive optical data over single modeoptical fiber for link length 80km.

The XFP BiDi module electrical interface is compliant to XFI electrical specifications. The transmitter input and receiver output impedance is 100 Ohms differential. Data lines are internally AC coupled. The module provides differential termination and reduce differential to common mode conversion for quality signal termination and low EMI. SFI typically operates over 200 mm of improved FR4 material or up to about 150mm of standard FR4 with one connector.

The transmitter converts 10Gbit/s serial PECL or CML electrical data into serial optical data compliant with the 10GBASE-ZR standard. An open collector compatible Transmit Disable (Tx_Dis) is provided. A logic "1," or no connection on this pin will disable the laser from transmitting. A logic "0" on this pin provides normal operation. The transmitter has an internal automatic power control loop (APC) to ensure constant optical power output across supply voltage and temperature variations. An open collector compatible Transmit Fault (Tx_Fault) is provided. TX_Fault is a module output contact that when high, indicates that the module transmitter has detected a fault condition related to laser operation or safety. The TX_Fault output contact is an open drain/collector and shall be pulled up to the Vcc_Host in the host with a resistor in the range 4.7-10 k Ω . TX_Disable is a module input contact. When TX_Disable is asserted high or left open, the XFPmodule transmitter output shall be turned off. This contact shall be pulled up to VccT with a 4.7 k Ω to 10 k Ω resistor.

The receiver converts 10Gbit/s serial optical data into serial PECL/CML electrical data. An open collector compatible Loss of Signal is provided. Rx_LOS when high indicates an optical signal level below that specified in the relevant standard. The Rx_LOS contact is an open drain/collector output and shall bepulled up to Vcc_Host in the host with a resistor in the range4.7-10 k Ω , or with an active termination.Power supply filtering is recommended for both the transmitter and receiver.The Rx_LOS signal is intended as a preliminary indication to the system in which the XFPis installed that the received signal strength isbelow the specified range. Such an indication typically points to non-installed cables, broken cables, or a disabled, failing or a powered off transmitter at the far end of the cable.

2. PIN DEFINITION

The XFP BiDimodules are hot-pluggable. Hot pluggable refers to plugging in or unplugging a module while the host board is powered. XFP BiDihost connector is a 0.8 mm pitch 20 position right angle improved connector specified by SFF-8083, or stacked connector with equivalent with equivalent electrical performance. Host PCB contact assignment is shown in Figure 2 and contact definitions are given in Table 2. XFP BiDimodule contacts mates with the host in the order of ground, power, followed by signal as illustrated by

Headquarter: HK. 4/FI., Hong Kong & Macau Bldg., 156-157 Connaught Road Central Website: www.carelink.com.hk

Figure 3 and the contact sequence order listed in Table 2.

XFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout GND 30 GND VEE5(not in use) 29 TDP Mod_DESEL 28 TDN INTERRUPTS 27 GND GND TX_DIS 26 VCC5(not in use) REFCLKN 25 GND REFCLKP 24 VCC3 23 GND VCC3 VCC2(not in use) P_DOWN/RST 10 SDA VCC2(not in use) 20 GND MOD_ABS 12 19 RDP MOD_NR 18 13 14 RX_LOS 17 RDN GND GND 16

Bottom View Top View

Figure : Module Interface to Host

Pin Descriptions

Pin#	Name	Logic	Description	Note
1	GND		Module Ground	1
2	VEE5		0.2V Power Supply , not in use	3
3	MOD_DESEL	LVTTL-I	Module De-select; When held Low allows module to respond to 2-wire serial interface	
4	INTERRUPT	LVTTL-O	Indicates presence of an important condition, which can be read over the 2-wire serial interface. This pin is an open collector output and must be pulled up to host_Vcc on the host board.	2



5	TX_DIS	LVTTL-I	Transmitter Disable: When asserted High, transmitter output is turned off. This pin is pulled up to VCC3 in the module	
6	VCC5		+5V Power Supply, not in use	3
7	GND		Module Ground	1
8	VCC3		+3.3V Power Supply	
9	VCC3		+3.3V Power Supply	
10	SCL	1/0	2-wire serial interface clock. Host shall resistor connected to host_Vcc of +3.3V.	2
11	SDA	I/O	2-wire serial interface, data, Host shall use a pull-up resistor connected to host_Vcc of +3.3V.	2
12	MOD_ABS	LVTTL-O	Indicates Module is not present. Host shall pull up this pin, and grounded in the module. "High" when the XFP module is absent from a host board.	2
13	MOD_NR	LVTTL-O	Module not ready; When High, Indicates Module Operational Fault. This pin is an open collector and must be pulled to host_Vcc on the host board.	2,4,5
14	RX_LOS	LVTTL-O	Receiver Loss of Signal; When high, indicates insufficient optical input power to the module. This pin is an open collector and must be pulled to nost Vcc on the host board.	2
15	GND		Module Ground	
16	GND		Module Ground	
17	RDN	CML-O	Receiver Inverted Data Output; AC coupled inside the module.	
18	RDP	CML-O	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output; AC coupled in side the module.	
19	GND		Module Ground	1



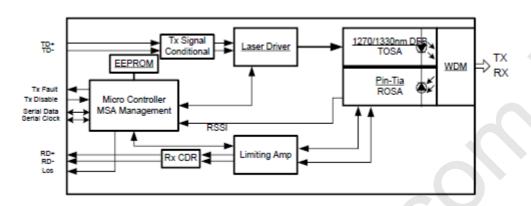
20	VCC2		+1.8V Power Supply; not in use	3
21	P_DOWN/RST	LVTTL-I	Power down; When High, module is limited power mode. Low for normal operation. Reset; The falling edge indicates complete reset of the module. This pin is pulled up to VCC3 in the module. (Power Down function	V
22	VCC2		+1.8V Power Supply; not in use	3
23	GND		Module Ground	1
24	REFCLKP	PECL-I	Reference clock Non-Inverted Input; not in use	
25	REFCLKN	PECL-I	Reference clock Inverted Input; not in use	
26	GND		Module Ground	1
27	GND		Module Ground	1
28	TDN	CML-I	Transmitter Inverted Data Input; AC coupled inside the module.	
29	TDP	CML-I	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input; AC coupled inside the module.	
30	GND		Module Ground	1

Table 2: XFP Module PIN Definition

Notes:

- 1. Module ground pins are isolated from the module case and chassis ground within the module.
- 2.Shall be pulled up with 4.7k to 10k ohm to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.45V on the host board.
- 3.Not connected internally.
- 4.Response time:typ. 20msec (XFP MSA Rev. $4.5 \le 1$ msec)

3. TRANSCEIVER BLOCK DIAGRAM



4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

These values represent the damage threshold of the module. Stress in excess of any of the individual Absolute Maximum Ratings can cause immediate catastrophic damage to the module even if all other parameters are within Recommended Operating Conditions.

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	0	3.6	V
Storage Temperature	Тс	-40	85	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Тс	-40	85	°C
Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%
RX Input Average Power	Pmax	-	0	dBm

Table: Absolute Maximum Rating

5. RECOMMENDED OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Recommended Operating Environment specifies parameters for which the electrical and optical characteristics hold unless otherwise noted.

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.135	3.3	3.465	٧
Power Supply Current	lcc			300	mA
Operating Case Temperature, N00	TC-N	0	25	70	°C



Operating Case	TC V	-40	25	95	°C
Temperature, V00	TC-V	-40	23	0.5	O O

Table: Recommended Operating

6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The following optical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameters	Unit	Values
Operating Reach	km	70
Transmitter		
Center wavelength (range), CL-XFP-80-27	nm	1265 -1275
Center wavelength (range), CL-XFP-80-33	nm	1325 -1335
Side Mode Suppression Ratio (min)	dB	30
Launched power		
– maximum (Average)	dBm	+7
– minimum (Average)	dBm	+3
Transmitter and dispersion penalty (max)	dB	3.2
Average launch power of OFF transmitter (max)	dBm	-30
Extinction ratio (min)	dB	3.5
RIN12 OMA (max)	dB/Hz	-128
Optical Return Loss Tolerance (min)	dB	12
Receiver		
Center wavelength (range), CL-XFP-80-27	nm	1320 -1350
Center wavelength (range), CL-XFP-80-33	nm	1250 -1280
Receive overload (min) in average power(note 1)	dBm	-7
Receive sensitivity (max) in average power(note 1)	dBm	-23
Receiver Reflectance (max)	dB	-12
Vertical eye closure penalty (min)(note 3)	dB	2.2
Los Assert(min)	dBm	-39
Los Dessert(max)	dBm	-22
Los Hysteresis(min)	dB	0.5



Stressed eye jitter (min)(note 2)	Ulp-p	0.3
Receive electrical 3dB upper cutoff frequency (max)	GHz	12.3
Receiver power (damage, Max)	dBm	-5

Notes:

- 1. Average optical power shall be measured using the methods specified in TIA/EIA-455-95.
- 2. Receiver sensitivity is informative. Stressed receiver sensitivity shall be measured with conformance test signal for BER = 1x 10 . 12 x
- 3. Vertical eye closure penalty and stressed eye jitter are the test conditions for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not the required characteristic of the receiver.
- 4. Power budget is defined as the different between the Rx sensitivity and the Tx output power of the interface.
- 5. Path penalty is intended as the power penalty of the interface between back-to-back and the maximum applied dispersion.

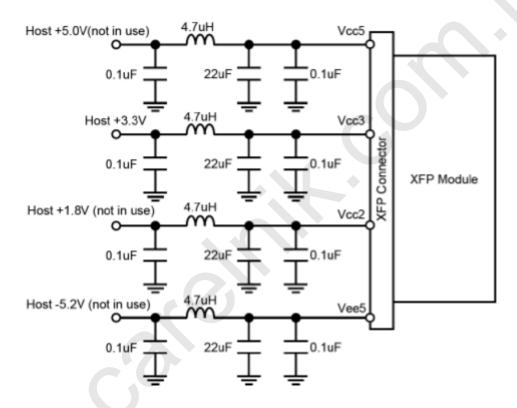
7. DITITAL DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTIONS

The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified. It is compliant to SFF8472 Rev10.2 with internal calibration mode. For external calibration mode please contact our sales stuff.

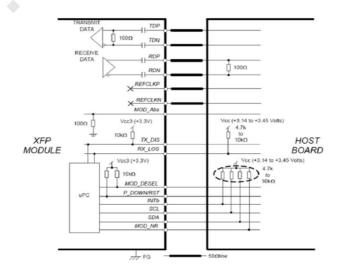
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	degC	Over operating temp
Laser power monitor absolute error	DMI_TX	-3	3	dB	
RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX	-3	3	dB	-1dBm to -15dBm range
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI_VCC	-0.08	0.08	V	Full operating range
Bias current monitor	DMI_lbias	-10%	10%	mA	

Table: Digital Diagnostic Specification Table

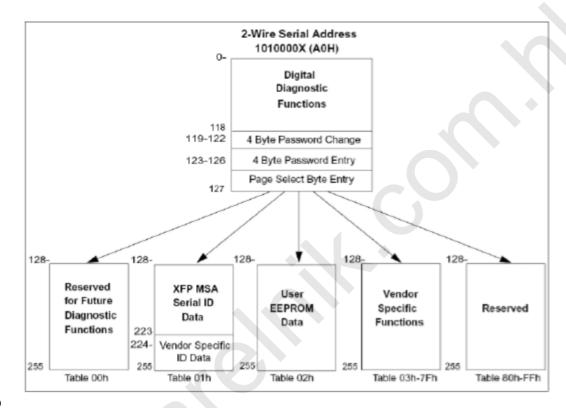
8. Recommended Power Supply Filter



Recommended Electrical Interface to Host



9. MSA Compliant EEPROM Structure



10. ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 2kV for all electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.4 /JESD22-A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module. This transceiver is shipped in ESD protective packaging. It should be removed from the packaging and handled only in an ESD protected environment.

11. LASER SAFTY

This is a Class 1 Laser Product according to IEC 60825-1:1993:+A1:1997+A2:2001. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (July 26, 2001)