



Features

- Up to 1.25Gb/s data links
- DFB laser transmitter and APD receiver
- Up to 160km on 9/125μm SMF
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- Duplex LC/UPC type pluggable optical interface
- Low power dissipation
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- RoHS compliant and lead-free
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Support Digital Diagnostic Monitoring interface
- Compliant with SFF-8472
- Case operating temperature: 0°C to +70°C

Application

- Distributed multi-processing
- Switch to switch interface
- High speed I/O for file server
- Bus extension application
- Channel extender, data storage

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	WAVELENGTH	INPUT/OUTPUT	SIGNAL DETECT	VOLTAGE	TEMPERATURE
CL-SFP-C36-L127	1270 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	0°C to 70 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L129	1290 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	0°C to 70 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L131	1310 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	0°C to 70 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L133	1330 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	0°C to 70 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L135	1350 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	0°C to 70 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L137	1370 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	0°C to 70 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L139	1390 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	0°C to 70 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L141	1410 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	0°C to 70 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L143	1430 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	0°C to 70 °C

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CL-SFP-C36-L127i	1270 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	-40°C to 85 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L129i	1290 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	-40°C to 85 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L131i	1310 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	-40°C to 85 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L133i	1330 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	-40°C to 85 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L135i	1350 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	-40°C to 85 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L137i	1370 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	-40°C to 85 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L139i	1390 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	-40°C to 85 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L141i	1410 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	-40°C to 85 °C
CL-SFP-C36-L143i	1430 nm	AC/AC	TTL	3.3V/5V	-40°C to 85 °C

I. Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1	Veet	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	Tfault	Transmitter Fault. Not supported.	
3	Tois	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for Serial ID.	3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for Serial ID.	3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	3
7	Rate Select	No connection required	4
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	5
9	Veer	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
10	Veer	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	Veer	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	Veer	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	Vccr	Receiver Power Supply	
16	Vсст	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	Veet	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	Veet	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes:



- 1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
- 2. Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- 3. Should be pulled up with 4.7k 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V.MOD_DEF (0) pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 4. This is an optional input used to control the receiver bandwidth for compatibility with multiple data rates (most likely Fiber Channel 1x and 2x Rates). If implemented, the input will be internally pulled down with $> 30 \text{k}\Omega$ resistor. The input states are:
 - Low (0 0.8V): Reduced Bandwidth
 - (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined
 - High (2.0 3.465V): Full Bandwidth
 - Open: Reduced Bandwidth
- 5. LOS is open collector output should be pulled up with 4.7k 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.



Figure 2. Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board



II. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	°C	
Storage Ambient Humidity	HA	5		95	%	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.5		4	v	
Signal Input Voltage		-0.3		Vcc+0.3	v	
Receiver Damage Threshold		5			dBm	

III. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbo 1	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	0		70	°C	
Ambient Humidity	HA	5		70	%	Non-condensing
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	ICC			300	mA	
Power Supply Noise Rejection				100	mVp-p	100Hz to 1MHz
Data Rate			1250/1250		Mbps	TX Rate/RX Rate
Transmission Distance				160	KM	
Coupled Fiber		S	Single mode fibe	er		9/125um SMF

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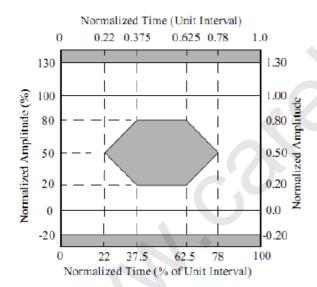
IV. Specification of Transmitter

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Average Output Power	Pout	2		6	dBm	
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dΒ	
Center Wavelength	λc	(1XX0)-Δλ	1XX0	(1XX0)+Δλ	nm	DFB Laser Note (1)
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Spectrum Bandwidth(-20dB)	σ			1	nm	
Transmitter OFF Output Power	Poff			-45	dBm	
Differential Line Input Impedance	RIN	90	100	110	Ohm	
Jitter Peak-Peak	tı			120	ps	Note (2)
Output Eye Mask	Complian	nt with IEEE safet		Note (3)		

Note (1): "XX" is: 27,29,31,33,35,37,39,41,43,45,47,49,51,53,55,57,59 and 61; " $\Delta\lambda$ " is 7.5

Note (2): Measure at 2^7-1 NRZ PRBS pattern

Note (3): Transmitter eye mask definition





V. Specification of Receiver

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Input Optical Wavelength	λъν	1270		1610	nm	APD
Receiver Sensitivity	PIN			-35	dBm	Note (1)
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	Psat	-10			dBm	
Los Of Signal Assert	PA			-36	dBm	
Los Of Signal De-assert	PD	-42			dBm	Note (2)
LOS Hysteresis	PA-PD	0.5	2	6	dB	

Note (1): Measured with Light source 1XX0 nm, ER=9dB; BER =<10^-12 @PRBS=2^7-1 NRZ

Note (2): When LOS de-asserted, the RX data+/- output is High-level (fixed)

VI. Electrical Interface Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Transmitter							
Total Supply Current	Icc			A	mA	Note (1)	
Transmitter Disable Input-High	VDISH	2		Vcc+0.3	V		
Transmitter Disable Input-Low	VDISL	0		0.8	V		
Transmitter Fault Input-High	VDISL	2		Vcc+0.3	V		
Transmitter Fault Input-Low	VTxFH	0		0.8	V		
Receiver							
Total Supply Current	Icc			В	mA	Note (1)	
LOSS Output Voltage-High	Vlosh	2		Vcc+0.3	V		
LOSS Output Voltage-Low	Vlosl	0		0.8	V	LVTTL	

Note (1): A (TX) + B (RX) = 300mA (Not include termination circuit)

VII. Digital Diagnostic Functions

Carelink CL-SFP-C36-L2XX transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA. It is very closely related to the E2PROM defined in the GBIC standard, with the same electrical specifications. The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, Carelink SFP transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range. The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in E2PROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The interface is identical to, and is thus fully backward compatible with both the GBIC Specification and the SFP Multi Source Agreement.

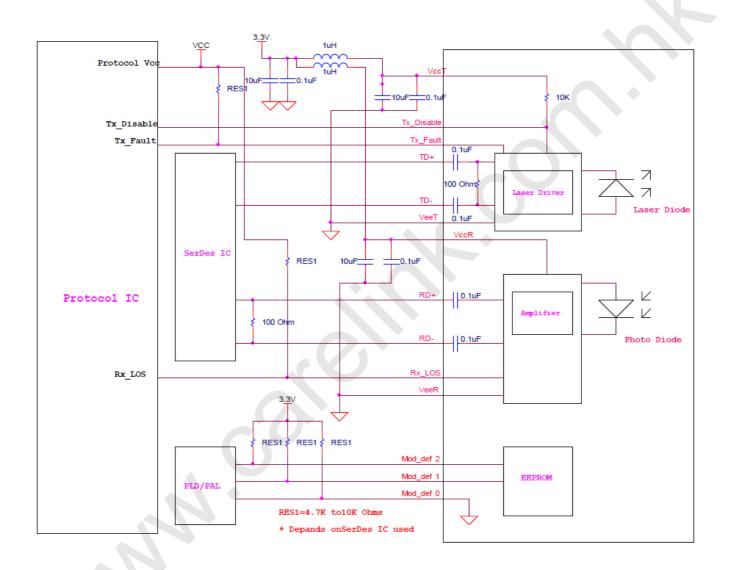
The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller



(DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

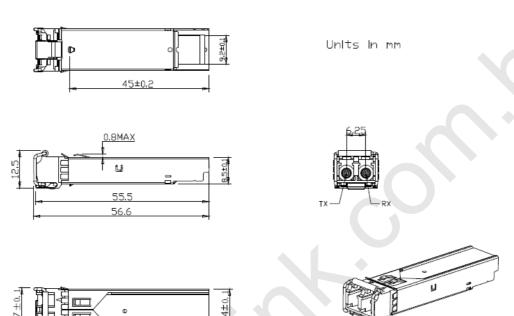


VIII. Recommend Circuit Schematic





IX. Mechanical Specifications (Unit: mm)



X. Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance		
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards		
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards		
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product		
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950 , UL	Compatible with standards		
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards		
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards		

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Eye Safety Mark

The LM2 series multimode transceiver is a class 1 laser product. It complies with EN 60825-1 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11. In order to meet laser safety requirements the transceiver shall be operated within the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Caution

All adjustments have been done at the factory before the shipment of the devices. No maintenance and user serviceable part is required. Tampering with and modifying the performance of the device will result in voided product warranty.

Required Mark

Class 1 Laser Product Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11

Note: All information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.